Arkansas

Crop Progress and Condition

Released: May 19, 2008

U. S. Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service Arkansas Field Office

10800 Financial Centre Parkway, Suite 110 Little Rock, AR 72211-3543 (501) 228-9926 http://www.nass.usda.gov/ar

Reporting for the week ending May 18, 2008.

General

It was a cool, wet week across Arkansas last week as rainfall amounts were recorded at all reporting stations. The reporting station at Eudora received 5.26 inches, the most in the state. The south central and southeast areas of the state, with the exception of Eudora, are the only parts of the state lagging behind the year to date normal rainfall totals. With the rainfall came cooler temperatures as all reporting stations recorded below normal temperatures. Low temperatures ranged from 35 degrees Fahrenheit in Gilbert to 49 degrees Fahrenheit in North Little Rock. High temperatures ranged from 79 degrees Fahrenheit in Fayetteville and Harrison to 91 degrees Fahrenheit in Fort Smith. Topsoil moisture supplies were 57 adequate and 43 percent surplus. Subsoil moisture supplies were 61 percent adequate and 39 percent surplus. The number of days suitable for field work was 4.3.

Crop

Farmers were able to get into the fields last week and make some progress planting their crops. Cooler temperatures at night, however, had an impact on crop growth. Corn producers usually have their entire crop planted by now, but this year there was still 4 percent left to plant as of the end of last week. Corn emergence increased 13 percent to 90 percent emerged, which put corn emergence about three weeks behind last year's crop and two weeks behind the 5-year average. Most of the corn crop was in good to excellent condition. Farmers were sidedressing corn when field conditions allowed. Cotton producers planted an additional 13 percent of the crop last week. Cotton emerged, at 44 percent, was 23 percent behind last year and 12 percent behind the 5-year average. Rice planted reached 75 percent but was still about two weeks behind last year and three weeks behind the 5-year average. Sorghum producers planted 10 percent of the crop last week to reach 71 percent. Sorghum emerged increased 23 percent to reach 53 percent by the end of the week, which put sorghum emergence 39 percent and 27 percent behind last year and the 5-year average, respectively. Both rice and sorghum were in mostly fair to good condition. Soybean farmers planted an additional 7 percent of the crop last week to reach 30 percent planted. The soybean crop was 21 percent emerged by May 18, 11 percent behind the 2007 crop and 15 percent behind the 5-year average. All of the winter wheat crop was reported headed and was in mostly fair to good conditions. Farmers were applying fertilizer and herbicides to crops when conditions allowed.

Livestock

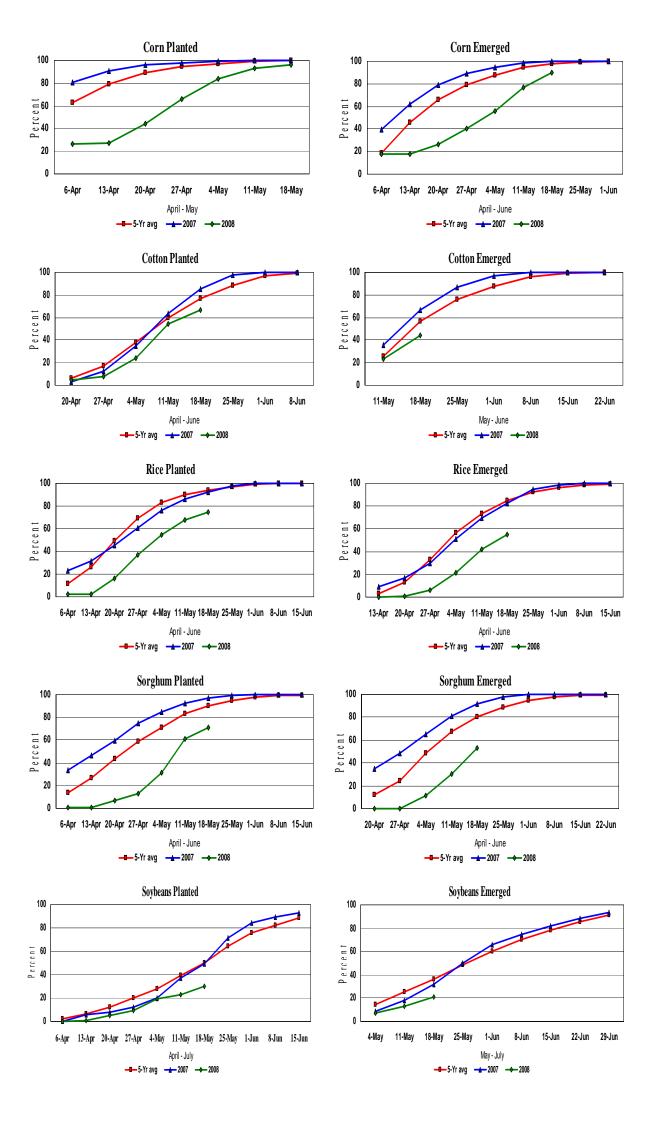
Livestock were in mostly fair to good condition. Pasture, range, and hay were reported in mostly good condition, and some farmers were cutting hay in parts of the state. Cool nighttime temperatures last week again affected warm season forage progress as there were reports of delays in bermudagrass growth. Lime and fertilizer were being applied to forages.

Percent of Progress

Terecht of Trogress						
Crop	Stage	Current Week	Previous Week	2007	5-Year Avg	
Corn	Planted	96	93	100	100	
	Emerged	90	77	100	98	
Cotton	Planted	67	54	86	77	
	Emerged	44	23	67	56	
Rice	Planted	75	68	92	94	
	Emerged	55	42	83	85	
Sorghum	Planted	71	61	97	90	
	Emerged	53	30	92	80	
Soybeans	Planted	30	23	49	50	
	Emerged	21	13	32	36	
Winter Wheat	Headed	100	96	100	99	

Condition in Percentages

	_	Comunicati	m i ci comungos	•	
Crop	Very Poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
Corn	0	7	23	52	18
Rice	3	7	37	44	9
Sorghum	2	8	40	43	7
Winter Wheat	6	15	39	35	5
Hay-Alfalfa	1	2	20	76	1
Hay-Other	0	1	32	63	4
Pasture and Range	0	2	27	62	9



Temperatures and Precipitation Week Ending May 18, 2008									
,		empera				Rainfall			
			T	Dep from	Wk Ending	4 wk	4 wk	Year	to Date
District	Station	High	Low	Normal *	May 18	Accum	Normal	2008	Normal
N T 41 4	T 111	70	26	2	0.76	4.60	4.20	26.24	1604
Northwest	Fayetteville	79 7 9	36	-3	0.76	4.62	4.30	26.24	16.04
	Harrison	79	39	-4	1.49	5.74	4.24	26.54	16.63
N. Central	Calico Rock	83	37	-6	1.01	5.18	4.34	34.38	17.87
	Gilbert	81	35	-6	0.46	6.16	4.42	39.84	17.02
	Greers Ferry	82	41	-2	0.39	6.19	4.68	27.62	20.22
	Mtn. Home	80	40	-3	0.95	6.02	4.21	36.33	17.38
Northeast	Batesville	81	40	-4	0.32	3.59	4.53	26.38	19.04
	Blytheville	83	46	-5	1.08	3.63	4.88	22.39	20.86
	Jonesboro	82	44	-4	1.27	4.53	4.70	26.06	19.54
	Keiser	84	45	-4	1.00	3.45	5.02	22.84	20.84
	Newport	83	46	-4	0.22	3.78	4.45	28.68	19.74
W. Central	Rooneville	83	40	-6	2.39	5.27	4.94	31.48	18.29
vvi centrui	Clarksville	83	43	-4	0.24	3.42	4.57	29.02	17.95
	Dardanelle	84	47	-2	1.16	3.83	4.79	32.45	18.70
	Ft. Smith	91	43	-2	0.93	3.66	4.44	25.89	16.03
	Mena	82	38	-4	2.50	6.52	5.76	33.68	21.50
	Ozark	84	41	-4	0.80	3.34	4.25	26.49	16.85
Central	Conway	85	43	-5	0.85	2.97	4.33	27.81	19.15
Centrui	Hot Springs	87	42	-5	0.78	3.50	5.61	31.35	22.29
	Little Rock	86	46	-2	0.52	3.87	4.85	25.30	20.60
	Morrilton	84	39	-4	0.20	1.95	4.54	25.32	18.79
	N. Little Rock	83	49	-5	0.20	3.93	4.98	24.95	20.06
	14. Little Rock	03	77	-5	0.54	3.73	4.70	24.73	20.00
E. Central	Brinkley	83	45	-3	0.90	5.01	5.23	24.87	21.34
	Marianna	84	46	-4	0.78	5.29	4.92	28.50	22.41
	Stuttgart	85	46	-6	0.74	4.98	4.87	23.94	20.96
	West Memphis	83	45	-3	0.58	4.20	4.76	24.63	22.57
Southwest	DeQueen	86	42	-1	1.36	3.67	5.32	21.17	21.16
	Hope	84	42	-3	1.80	4.11	4.42	28.35	21.12
	Texarkana	86	44	-3	3.07	6.56	3.72	23.52	17.60
S. Central	Camden	86	42	-3	1.68	3.30	4.20	18.39	21.46
	El Dorado	86	42	-3	2.74	4.79	4.67	16.45	22.32
	Warren	83	44	-5	2.09	6.34	4.33	22.81	23.69
Southeast	Eudora	86	46	-4	5.26	10.82	5.31	28.23	26.55
	Monticello	85	44	-3	2.99	8.09	4.49	20.86	23.83
	Pine Bluff	85	47	-3	0.93	2.81	4.70	18.30	21.74
	Rohwer	82	47	-6	1.94	6.81	4.54	21.35	22.88

^{*} Departure from normal = $(\underline{\text{high - low}})$ - 30 year average.

Produced by:
United States Department of Agriculture – NASS
Arkansas Field Office
Becky L. Cross, Director

In cooperation with: University of Arkansas – Cooperative Extension Service Ivory W. Lyles, Associate Vice President for Agriculture, Extension

With special thanks to: United States Department of Commerce, National Weather Service

Renee Fair, Meteorologist in Charge